

Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework

Heightened ambition reflecting the need for urgent action

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Convention on Biological Diversity





2020 UN BIODIVERSITY CONFERENCE

COP 15 - CP/MOP10-NP/MOP4

Ecological Civilization-Building a Shared Future for All Life on Earth

KUNMING - MONTREAL



Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework





KUNMING-MONTREAL GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK



GOAL A

The <u>integrity</u>, <u>connectivity</u> and <u>resilience</u> of all <u>ecosystems</u> are <u>maintained</u>, <u>enhanced</u>, <u>or restored</u>, substantially increasing the area of natural ecosystems by 2050;

Human induced extinction of known threatened species is halted, and, by 2050, extinction rate and risk of all species are reduced tenfold and the abundance of native wild species is increased to healthy and resilient levels;

The genetic diversity within populations of wild and domesticated species, is maintained, safeguarding their adaptive potential.

GOAL C

The monetary and non-monetary benefits from the utilization of genetic resources, and digital sequence information on genetic resources, and of traditional knowledge associated with genetic resources, as applicable, are shared fairly and equitably, including, as appropriate with indigenous peoples and local communities, and substantially increased by 2050, while ensuring traditional knowledge associated with genetic resources is appropriately protected, thereby contributing to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity, in accordance with internationally agreed access and benefitsharing instruments.

GOAL B

Biodiversity is <u>sustainably used and managed</u> and <u>nature's contributions to people</u>, including ecosystem functions and services, <u>are valued</u>, <u>maintained and enhanced</u>, with those currently in decline being restored, supporting the achievement of sustainable development for the benefit of present and future generations by 2050.

GOAL D

Adequate means of implementation, including financial resources, capacity-building, technical and scientific cooperation, and access to and transfer of technology to fully implement the Kunming-Montreal global biodiversity framework are secured and equitably accessible to all Parties, especially developing countries, in particular the least developed countries and small island developing States, as well as countries with economies in transition, progressively closing the biodiversity finance gap of 700 billion dollars per year, and aligning financial flows with the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework and the 2050 Vision for Biodiversity.

2030 TARGETS

Selected targets of interest

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Ensure that all areas are under participatory integrated biodiversity inclusive spatial planning and/or effective management processes addressing land and sea use change to bring the loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, in ecological integrity, close to zero rights of indigenous peoples and loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, in ecological integrity, close to zero rights of indigenous peoples and loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, in ecological integrity, close to zero rights of indigenous peoples and loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, in ecological integrity, close to zero rights of indigenous peoples and loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, in ecological integrity, close to zero rights of indigenous peoples and loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, in ecological integrity, close to zero rights of indigenous peoples and loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, in ecological integrity, close to zero rights of indigenous peoples and loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, in ecological integrity, close to zero rights of indigenous peoples and loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, in ecological integrity, close to zero rights of indigenous peoples and loss of areas of high biodiversity importance.

Ensure that by 2030 at least 30 per cent of areas of degraded terrestrial, inland water, and coastal and marine ecosystems are under effective restoration, in order to enhance biodiversity and ecosystem functions and services, ecologic Restoring 30%

degraded areas

Ensure and enable that by 2030 at least 30 per cent of terrestrial, inland water, and of coastal and marine areas, especially areas of particular importance for biodiversity and ecosystem functions and services, are effectively conserved and managed through ecologically representative, well-connected and equitably governed systems of protected areas and other effective area-based conservation measures, recognizing indicates a services, are effectively conserved and managed through ecologically representative, well-connected and equitably governed systems of protected areas and other effective area-based conservation territories, where applicable, and integrated into wider landscapes, seascapes and the where appropriate in such areas, is fully consistent with conservation outcomes, seascapes and local communities, including over their traditional territories.

Ensure urgent management actions to halt human induced extinction of known threatened species and for the recovery and conservation of species, in particular threatened species, to significantly reduce the genetic diversity within a domesticated species to maintain their ex situ conservation and sustainable numan-wildlife interactions to minimize human-wildlife conflict for coexistence.

Ensure that the use, harvesting and trade of wild species is sustainable, safe and legal, preventing overexploitation, minimizing impacts on non-target species and ecosystems, and reduciover, applying the ecosystem approach, who customary sustainable use by indige harvesting ocal communities.

Eliminate, minimize, reduce and or mitigate the impacts of invasive alien species on biodiversity and ecosystem services by identifying and managing pathways of the introduction of alien species, proventing the introduction and establishment of priority invasive alien species, reducing the rates of introduction and establishment of other known or potential invasive alien species especially in priority sites, such as islands.

Reduce pollution risks and the negative impact of pollution from all sources, by 2030, to levels that are not harmful to biodiversity and ecosystem functions and services, considering cumulative effects, including: reducing excess nutrients lost to the environment by at least half including the overall risk from the pollution from all sources by at least half including through into account food security and livelihoods; and also preventing, reducing, and working towards eliminating plastic pollution.

Minimize the impact of climate change and ocean acidification on biodiversity and increase its resilience through mitigation, adaptation, and disaster risk reduction actions, including through nature-based solution and/or ecosystem-based approaches, while minimizing negative and fostering p

Climate change and ocean acidification

2030 TARGETS

Selected targets of interest

Ensure that the management and use of wild species are sustainable, thereby environmental benefits for people, especially those in vulnerable situations and those including through sustainable biodiversity-based activities, products and services protecting and encouraging customary sustainable use by indigenous peoples and lod

Benefits from ity, nd sustainable use

Ensure that areas under agriculture, aquaculture, fisheries and forestry are managed sustainably, in particular through the sustainable use of biodiversity, including through Sustainable management of areas being practices, such as sustainable intensification, agroed fished or used for aquaculture resilience and long-term efficiency and productivity of nd restoring biodiversity and maintaining nature's contribu

Significantly increase the area and quality and connectivity of access to and benefits from green and blue spaces in urban and densely populated areas sustainably, by main Benefits of "blue spaces" for human and ensure biodiversity-inclusive urban planning, enha health and well-being and improving human health and well-being and conn urbanization and the provision of ecosystem functions and services.

Ensure the full integration of biodiversity and its multiple values into policies, regulations, planning and development processes, poverty eradication strategies, strategic environmental assessments, environmental impact assessments and, as appropriate, national accounting, within and across all levels significant impacts on biodiversity, progressively aligning all with the goals and targets of this framework.

defenders.

Mainstreaming biodiversity into sectors and development policies

Identify by 2025, and eliminate, phase out or reform incentives, including subsidies, harmful for biodiversity, n a proportionate, just, fair, effective and equitable way, while substantially and progressively reducing

them by at least 5 year by 2030, starti and scale up posit and sustainable use

Eliminating harmful subsidies

Lensure the full, equitable, inclusive, effective and gender-responsive representation and participation in decision-making, and access to justice and information related to biodiversity by indigenous peoples and local communities, respecting their cultures and over lands, territories, resources, and knowledge, as well as by women and gi and youth, and persons with disabilities and full protection of environmental hur

Ensure gender equality in the implementation of the framework through a gender-responsive approach where all women and girls have equal opportunity and capacity to contribute to the three objectives of the Convention, including by

Inclusive and equitable decision-making and implementation

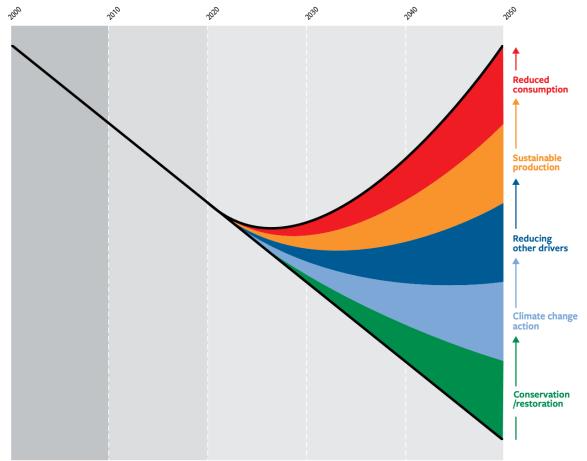
equal rights and access to land rces and their full, equitable, informed participation and evels of action, engagement, ecision-making related

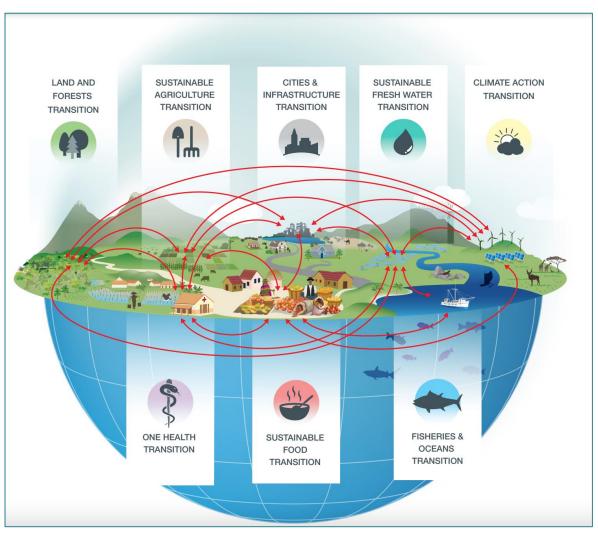
biodiversity.

NEED FOR COMPREHENSIVE AND HOLISTIC APPROACH

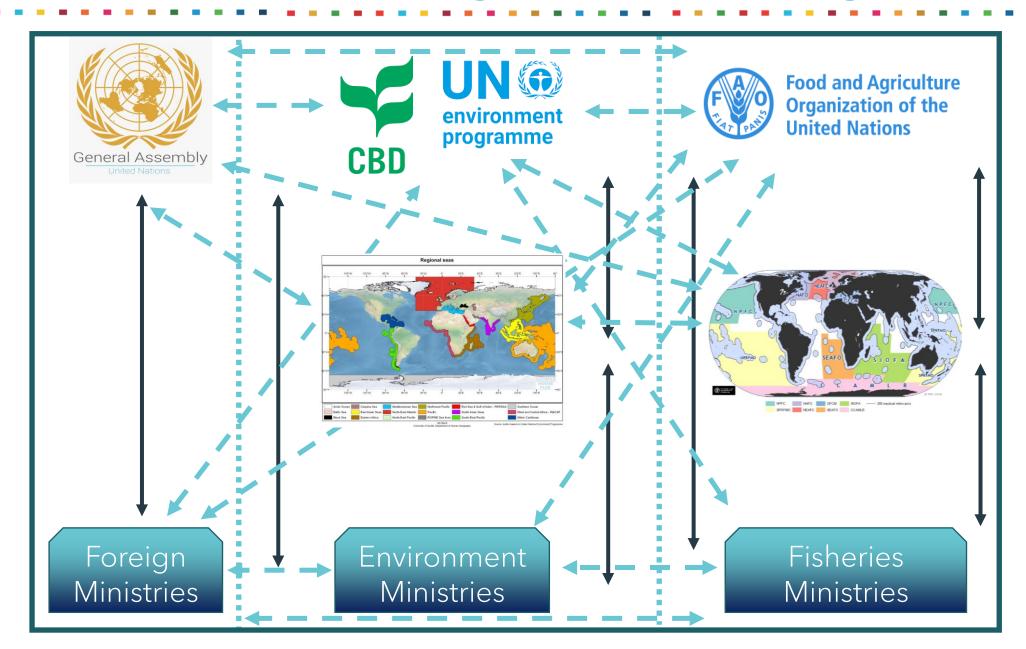
Actions in one area alone will not yield outcomes needed

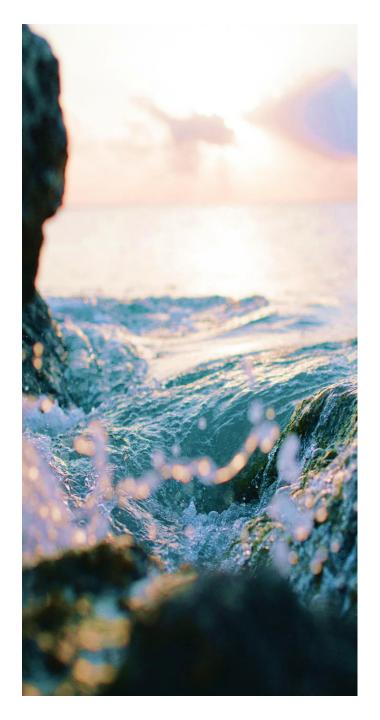
A portfolio of actions to reduce loss and restore biodiversity





Sustained dialogue-softening silos





- Heightened ambition, requiring urgent, and scaled up action
 - Need to improve enabling conditions
- GBF addresses actions required by broader groups of stakeholders
 - More work needed to engage stakeholders not involved in biodiversity solutions
- GBF provides political impetus and opportunity to gain support to scale up work on biodiversity and sustainability



Thank you

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